(b) Six coins are tossed 6400 times. Using the Poisson distribution, determine the approximate probability of getting six heads x times.

## **Section-D**

- 8. (a) The 9 items of a sample have the following values 45, 47, 50, 52, 48, 47, 49, 53, 51. Does the mean of these values differ significantly from the assumed mean 47.5.
  - (b) A die is thrown 270 times and the results of these throws are given below:

No. appeared on the die	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequencye	40	32	29	59	57	59

[Encl.: Graph Paper

Test whether the die is biased or not.

**9.** Using simplex method:

Maximize 
$$z = x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3$$
  
subject to  $2x_1 + x_2 - x_3 \le 2$   
 $-2x_1 + x_2 - 5x_3 \ge -6$   
 $4x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \le 6$   
 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$ 

B.Tech. 3rd Semester (Fire Tech. & Safety)
(Common for all Branches) F Scheme
Examination, December-2019
MATHEMATICS-III
Paper-Math-201-F

Time allowed: 3 hours]

[Maximum marks: 100

Note: Attempt five questions in total by selecting one question from each section. Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- 1. (a) Write Dirichlet's conditions for the uniform convergence of a Fourier series.
  - (b) Prove that  $\lim_{z\to 0} \frac{\overline{z}}{z}$  does not exit.
  - (c) Define normal and standard normal distribution.
  - (d) Solve the LPP by the graphical method:

Maximize z = 2x + 3y

subject to  $x + y \le 30$ ,  $3 \le y \le 12$ 

 $x-y\geq 0 \qquad 0\leq x\leq 20.$ 

## Section-A

2. (a) Express f(x) = |x|,  $-\pi < x < \pi$ , as Fourier series.

(b) Find the half range sine series of:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & , & 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \pi - x & , & \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

3. Solve the equation  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ , x > 0, t > 0 subject to the conditions

(i) 
$$u = 0$$
, when  $x = 0$ ,  $t > 0$ 

(ii) 
$$u = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0, & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$
 when  $t = 0$ 

(iii) u (x, t) is bounded.

## Section-B

4. Show that : 
$$f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy^2(x+iy)}{x^2+y^4}, & z \neq 0 \\ 0, & z = 0 \end{cases}$$

is not analytic at z = 0, although C - R equations are satisfied at the origin.

(b) Determine the analytic function whose real part is  $u = e^{-2xy} \sin(x^2 - y^2)$ .

5. (a) Evaluate  $\oint_c (z+1) dz$  where C is the boundary of the square whose vertices are at the points z=0, z=1, z=1+i and z=i.

(b) Evaluate 
$$\oint_{c} \frac{3z^2 + z}{z^2 - 1} dz$$

Where C is the circle |z-1|=1.

## **Section-C**

6. (a) Find the series expansion of:

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 - 1}{z^2 + 5z + 6}$$
 about  $z = 0$ 

in the region 2 < |z| < 3.

(b) Evaluate 
$$\oint_{c} \frac{z}{(z-1)(z-2)^2} dz$$

Where C is the circle  $|z-2| = \frac{1}{2}$ .

7. (a) In a lottery, m tickets are drawn at a time out of n tickets numbered from 1 to n. Find the expected value of the sum of the numbers on the ticked drawn.