Roll No. .....

### 3080

# B. Tech. 4th Semester (Civil) Examination – May, 2023

## HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING

Paper: PCC-CE-202-G

Time: Three hours]

[Maximum Marks: 75

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.

Note: Attempt five questions in all, selecting one question from each Unit. Question No. 1 is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Explain the following terms:

- $2.5 \times 6 = 15$
- (a) What do you understand by turbulent flow?
- (b) Kinetic Energy correction Factor.
- (c) Hydraulic mean Depth.
- (d) Sketch the velocity distribution across a section of pipe.
- (e) Hydraulic gradient line.
- (f) Name the different forces present in fluid flow.

#### UNIT-I

- 2. (a) Derive an expression for velocity distribution for Laminar flow through circular pipe. 7.5
  - (b) A laminar flow is taking place in a pipe of diameter 200 mm. The maximum velocity is 1.5 m/s. Find the mean velocity and the radius at which this occurs.
- 3. Obtain an Expression for velocity distribution in turbulent flow for (i) smooth pipe and (ii) Rough Pipes.

#### UNIT - II

- 4. At a sudden enlargement of water main from 240 mm to 480 mm diameter, the hydraulic gradient rises by 10 mm. Estimate the rate of flow.
- water tank at one end and discharges freely into the atmosphere at the other end. For the first 25 m of its length from the tank, the pipe is 150 mm diameter and its diameter is suddenly enlarged to 300 mm. The height of water level in the tank is 8 m above the centre of the pipe. Considering all losses of head which occur, determine the rate of flow. Take f = 0.01 for both sections of the pipe.

(2)

#### UNIT - III

- 6. A concrete lined circular channel of diameter 3 m has a bed slope of 1 in 500. Work out the velocity and flow rate for the conditions of (i) maximum velocity and (ii) maximum discharge. Assume Chezy's C = 50.
- Obtain an relationship between the Froude Numbers
  of flow before and after the hydraulic jump in
  horizontal rectangular channel.

#### UNIT - IV

- 8. Prove that the loss of energy head in a hydraulic jump is equal to  $(d_2 d_1)^3 / d_1 d_2$ , where  $d_1$  and  $d_2$  are the conjugate depths.
- 9. A 300 mm diameter pipe carries water under a head of 20 meters with a velocity of 3.5 m/s. If the axis of the pipe turns through 45°, find the magnitude and direction of the resultant force at the bend.